# Read Write Inc. Teaching Phonics at The Firs





## Why Read Write Inc Phonics?



- Tried and tested over many years
- A systematic, structured and evolving programme
- Regular built-in assessment to check progress
- A one-to-one support programme
- Early success in reading
- Training and ongoing support for staff

"When children can't read there is low self esteem. We want them to be reading with confidence, to be able to read quite sophisticated texts at an early age."

Ruth Miskin – former headteacher and creator of Read Write Inc.

#### Who is it for?



- Children from 4 years who are starting school Read Write Inc. is a 'start-up' reading programme
- The programme also supports older children, developing their fluency and comprehension at a rapid rate

#### What is phonics?

Method of learning to read

Breaking each word into individual sounds before blending those sounds back together to make the word

Phonemes- a sound that is spoken

Graphemes- a sound that is written e.g. 'a'

## English Alphabetic Code Red Write



44 sounds
26 letters
Over 150+ graphemes (letter combinations)

#### 'ai' sound



- train
- day
- cake
- sleigh
- straight
- baby
- rein
- reign





We start by teaching the children just one way of reading and writing every sound. Here they are on the Simple Speed Sounds chart.

**Consonants: stretchy** 

| f | ı | m | n | r | S | V | Z | sh | th | ng |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    | nk |

**Consonants: bouncy** 

| b | С | р | 9 | h | j | р | qu | + | × | X | У | ch |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|----|
|   | k |   |   |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |   |    |

Vowels: bouncy Vowels: stretchy

| a | е | i | 0 | u | ay | ee | igh | ow |
|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|-----|----|
|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|-----|----|

| 00 | 00 | ar | or | air | ir | ou | oy |
|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|
|    |    |    |    |     |    |    |    |

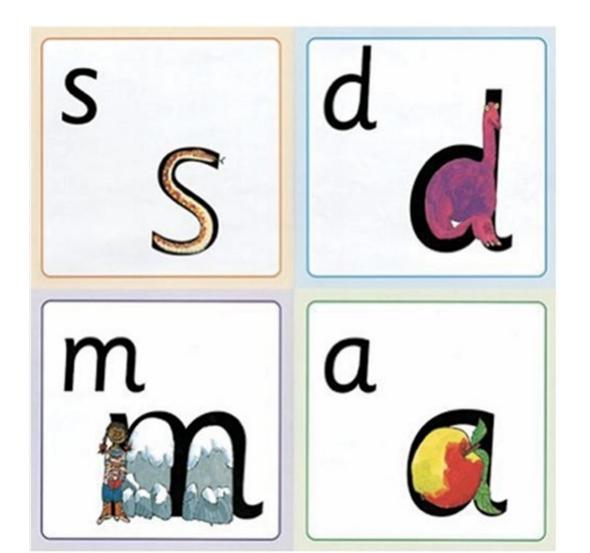
Set 1 sounds

Set 2 sounds 8

#### Pure sounds (ruthmiskin.com)

## Sound Pronunciation Guide How to say the sounds

## Name the pictures



### Teaching letter formation

#### Handwriting phrases for helping your child to form letters

This works best if your child practises for a short time every day.

- 1. Show the picture side and air-write as you say the phrase.
- 2. Ask your child to practise in the air with you.
- 3. Using a sharp pencil and sat at a table, encourage your child to have a go.
- 4. Praise your child for their efforts.
- m Maisie, mountain, mountain
- a round the apple, down the leaf
- S slither down the snake
- d round his bottom, up his tall neck and down to his feet
- t down the tower, across the tower
- i down the body, dot for the head
- n down Nobby, over his net
- p down the plait and over the pirate's face
- q round her face, down her hair and give her a curl



## Holding a pencil

- We encourage the children to use a tripod grip. We pretend the thumb and forefinger are the crocodile's jaws and the 3rd finger is the 'log' for the crocodile to sit on.
- Fine motor activities are great for developing muscle strength in the fingers.
- The Stabilo Easygraph pencil helps to develop correct pencil grip.





## Oral Blending

- Ability to blend spoken sounds into words
- Prerequisite skill for reading
- We use Fred the Frog to help as Fred can only speak in sounds!
- Fred says- Body parts



## Sounds and Blending = Reading



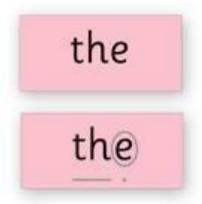
Once a child can recognise the first five sounds (m, a, s, d, t) **and** s/he can orally blend, they will be able to read:-

sat sad mat mad Sam at as Sounding out a word and blending those sounds together is called Fred Talk

| f               |          | m  |    | n                      |   | r              | S                  | ٧         |        | Z            | S      | h | 1              | th  | ng<br>nk       |
|-----------------|----------|----|----|------------------------|---|----------------|--------------------|-----------|--------|--------------|--------|---|----------------|-----|----------------|
| ff<br>ph        | ff II mn |    |    | nn<br>kn               |   | rr<br>wr       | ss<br>se<br>c<br>c | ve        |        | zz<br>S      | t<br>c |   |                |     |                |
| b               | c<br>k   | d  | 9  |                        | h | j              | р                  | qu        | †      |              | W      | × |                | У   | ch             |
| bb              | ck<br>ch | dd | 99 | 3                      |   | g<br>ge<br>dge | рр                 |           | tt     | ,            | wh     |   |                |     | tch            |
| a               |          | e  | i  | i                      |   | 0              | u                  | ay        |        | ee           |        |   | igh            |     | ow             |
|                 |          | ea |    |                        |   |                |                    | a_e<br>ai |        | y<br>ea<br>e |        | İ | i_e<br>ie<br>i |     | o_e<br>oa<br>o |
| 00              | 00       |    | ar | or                     |   | air            | ir                 | ou        | o<br>y |              | ire    |   | e              | ear | ure            |
| u_e<br>ue<br>ew |          |    |    | oor<br>ore<br>aw<br>au | ; | are            | ur<br>er           | ow        | o<br>i |              |        |   |                |     | 15             |

#### Red Words

- These are words which have a tricky part to them
- Children need to learn these words by sight
- In the early RWI books, these words are printed in red.



## Spelling



- We use Fred to help the children to learn to spell as well!
- They convert a whole word they hear into individual sounds.
- In spelling, we call them 'Fred Fingers'. We tell them how many Fred Fingers they need, they squeeze the sounds they hear in the word on their fingers and then write the word down.
- Spelling using Fred Fingers (1min 50)



## Storybooks and Get Writing Books























#### The Three Reads

- Reading first to practise decoding
- Reading a second time to ensure they understand the text
- Reading a third time to develop a story-telling voice

## So how can you help your child?



- Support your child to complete the daily sound sheet
- Encourage your child to join in with fine motor activities to develop hand strength
- Regularly look at the Set 1 Speed Sound book together
- Use pure sounds, not letter names
- Play Fred games
- Listen to your child read the reading material in their popper wallet
- Encourage your child to watch Virtual Classroom lessons sent home
- Regularly check eBooks and quizzes assigned on Oxford Owl









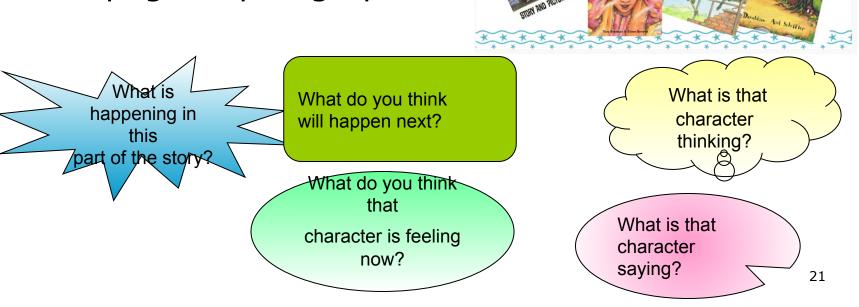
We're Going on a Bear Hunt

#### And...

 By reading to your child lots of lovely stories that are at a higher level than your child can read yet

and asking lots of questions!

Use these prompts at the end of each page or paragraph:





#### And...

 By talking to your child as much as possible and 'feeding' them new and different words:

"Wow that's a big dog!"

"Wow that's an enormous dog!"

"Wow that's a massive dog!"

"Let's eat our lunch now."

"Let's scoff our lunch now."

"Let's munch our lunch now."

By enriching conversations through description:

"Look at that rain. It looks like little diamonds hitting the window pane!"



#### And...

 By having a look at the 'Learning To Read At Home' page on the web for tips and resources for supporting your child at home:

RWI- Information for parents

RWI resources- OUP (RWI resources are published by Oxford University Press)



#### At this school the Read Write Inc Programme is managed by:

Mrs Mercer